Don’t Count On A “Lucky Break”

Come On, Give Me A Break!

Breaking a wish bone has become a Thanksgiving tradition for many families, but did you know it originated over 2,400 years ago during the Etruscan period? During this time, it was believed that fowls were sacred animals who had the ability to predict the future. When a chicken died, their collar bone would be left in the sun to dry and Etruscans would gather to hold the bone in hope of receiving good luck. Years later, when the Romans embraced many Etruscan customs, they too believed a chicken’s collar bone was lucky. Those who are familiar with the gladiator games, might not be surprised to learn that Romans would often physically fight over the unbroken bones as they were desperate to receive good fortune. It’s believed that the phrase “lucky break” or “catch a break” came from this contest.

It didn’t take long for the custom to then reach England where the English adopted the practice as “mercy-thoughts”. Pilgrims later brought the custom to North America, and due to a lack of chickens and abundance of turkeys, put an American spin on the age old tradition.

With Thanksgiving just around the corner, many households around the state are gearing up for what some argue to be the most exciting time of the year - college football’s rivalry weekend and the end of the regular season. Whether a family is divided or has been attending the same university for decades, there’s very little that can disrupt the loyalty fans have in their favorite team. Unfortunately, there’s seemingly even less that can be done to predict the outcome of any given game. Even Lee Corso doesn’t get it right each week! If you follow college football at all, you know very well that in the end, a game’s outcome is dependent on hundreds (if not thousands) of uncontrollable factors. Rivalry games tend to be even more unpredictable as emotions run high. For some teams the rivalry game is their last chance to end the season with more wins than losses or the final string of hope that they’ll advance to a bowl game (ahem, looking at you FSU). Additionally, many players have grown up playing with and against their opponents, granting them inside knowledge that pollsters leave out of their game day prediction. One might believe that due to the chaos and uncertainty that prevails in NCAA, sports gamblers are less likely to bet on college football than the NFL. However, John Avello, a bookmaker in Las Vegas, says gamblers see “better opportunity for more lucrative payouts in the college game” given the higher room for error. Others have even noticed a trend of more bets being placed on college football games than on professional games. Additionally, there has been noticeable increase in popularity of sports betting smart phone apps as the US becomes more accepting of sports wagering.

With this rising popularity and ease of accessibility, comes the potential for more individuals to develop a gambling problem. Children who are exposed to gambling at a young age and participate in sports betting with family members are more likely to develop gambling problems of their own. If sports betting or any type of gambling has become a problem for you or someone you know, contact our 24-Hour, multilingual, problem gambling helpLine, 888-ADMIT-IT.